WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2095

BY DELEGATE DEAN

[Introduced January 9, 2019; Referred

to the Committee on Education]

A BILL to amend and reenact §18-2-39 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
 to assessing the college-and career-readiness of 11th and 12th grade students and
 removing the requirement that seniors in 12th grade transitional program classes be
 reassessed at the conclusion of those classes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-39. College and career readiness initiative.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that:

(1) According to ACT, only 25 percent of ACT-tested high school graduates in the nation
met college readiness benchmarks in English, reading, mathematics, and science and only 17
percent in West Virginia met the benchmarks in all four subjects;

5 (2) The post-secondary remediation rates of students entering post-secondary institutions
6 directly out of high school indicate that a large percentage of students are not being adequately
7 prepared at the elementary and secondary levels;

- 8 (3) This high level of post-secondary remediation is causing both students and the state
 9 to expend extra resources that would not have to be expended if the students were adequately
 10 prepared at the elementary and secondary levels;
- (4) A strong foundation in English/language arts and math provides a basis for learning in
 all other subject areas and for on-the-job training; and

(5) A comparison of the percentages of students considered proficient in eighth grade
reading and math by the state assessment and the National Assessment of Educational Progress
indicate that the state assessment currently does not accurately reflect national standards.

(b) Before the 2014-2015 school year, the state board, the Higher Education Policy
Commission and the Council for Community and Technical College Education shall collaborate
in formally adopting uniform and specific college- and career-readiness standards for
English/language arts and math. The standards shall be clearly linked to state content standards

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and based on skills and competencies rather than high school course titles. The standards shall
allow for a determination of whether a student needs to enroll in a post-secondary remedial
course. The state board shall develop a plan for gradually bringing the standards for a high school
diploma and college- and career readiness into uniformity, and report this plan to the Legislative
Oversight Commission on Education Accountability not later than December 31, 2013.

25 (c) The results on the comprehensive statewide student assessment program in grade 11 26 in English/language arts and mathematics shall be used to determine whether a student has met 27 the college- and career-readiness standards adopted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. 28 Beginning with the 2015-2016 school year, instead of using the comprehensive statewide student 29 assessment program, the state board may develop and implement end-of-course exams in 30 English/language arts and math courses it determines appropriate. These exams are designed 31 for determining whether a student has met the college- and career-readiness standards. In order 32 to allow for the enrollment in transitional courses in the 12th grade if necessary pursuant to 33 subsection (e) of this section, the courses, assessments and exams, as applicable, shall be 34 administered before the 12th grade.

(d) Under its authority granted in §18A-3-1 of this code, the state board shall require all
teacher preparation programs in the state to include appropriate training for teachers seeking to
teach in at least any of grades eight through 12 with respect to teaching the adopted college- and
career-readiness standards. This training shall focus on teaching the standards directly, through
embedding the standards in other courses or both, as appropriate.

(e) The state board shall develop a 12th-grade transitional course for both
English/language arts and math for those students who are not on track to be college- and career
ready based on the assessment or exam, as applicable, required pursuant to subsection (c) of
this section. The transitional courses shall be aligned with the standards adopted pursuant to
subsection (b) of this section. The state board in collaboration with the West Virginia Higher
Education Policy Commission and the Council for Community and Technical College Education

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shall use the American College Testing Program's Computerized Adaptive Placement 46 47 Assessment and Support System (COMPASS) or other mutually agreed-upon assessment to 48 determine whether a student has met the college- and career-readiness standards after 49 completion of the transitional course Periodic examinations may be administered to students in 50 12th grade transitional programs to measure student progress, but students in these transitional 51 programs at grade 12 may not be required to re-take the college- and career-readiness 52 examinations previously administered during grade 11, nor may they be required to complete any 53 other examination-based assessment of college- and career-based readiness.

(f) For all West Virginia public high school graduates who graduate during or after the 2016-2017 school year, all state institutions of higher education may use no factor other than the assessment, exam or test, as applicable, required pursuant to subsections (c) and (e) of this section to determine whether a student is to enroll in a remedial course or is to be placed in a college-level introductory course. Nothing in this subsection prohibits an institution from administering a diagnostic test to determine specific areas of weakness so that the specific weaknesses can be remediated rather than requiring a student to take an entire remedial course.

61 (g) The state board shall:

(1) Hold high schools and districts accountable for increasing the percentages of students
who meet the college- and career-readiness standards as indicated by the assessments, exams
or tests, as applicable, required pursuant to subsections (c) and (e) of this section. This
accountability shall be achieved through the school and school system accreditation provisions
set forth in §18-2E-5 of this code;

(2) Align the comprehensive statewide student assessment for all grade levels in which
the test is given with the college- and career-readiness standards adopted pursuant to subsection
(b) of this section or develop other aligned tests at each grade level so that progress toward
college- and career readiness in English/language arts and math can be measured; and

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(3) Hold all schools and districts accountable for helping students in earlier grade levels

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- 72 achieve scores on math and English/language arts tests that predict success in subsequent levels
- of related coursework. This accountability shall be achieved through the school and school system
- 74 accreditation provisions set forth in §18-2E-5 of this chapter;
- 75 (h) Except as otherwise specified, all provisions of this section become effective with the
- 76 2014-2015 school year.
- (i) On or before December 31, 2013, the state board shall promulgate a legislative rule in
- 78 accordance with §29A-3B-1 *et seq.* of this code to implement the provisions of this section.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to eliminate the requirement that a student placed in transitional education programs as a high school senior must re-take a college-and career-readiness examination or similar assessment of readiness if the student has already taken the examination or assessment as a junior.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.